# A60: unconditional offers



## Anglia Ruskin University's perspective on unconditional offers:

Anglia Ruskin University operates a policy of making unconditional offers to applicants who have not yet completed their qualifications based on their predicted grades, personal statement, reference, and their ability to succeed and benefit from the course. These offers are made on the expectation that applicants will successfully complete their current study and meet the entry requirements for the course offered.

We provide advice to students as to why it is important to complete their current studies, with reasons including better preparation for university study, meeting expectations of prior knowledge from pre-requisite study, the consideration of their A level results when applying for part-time work, placements, or other opportunities during and after their university studies, and the impact this may have later if they choose to change their course or university.

When considering an application, we take into account the applicant's tariff, but also seek additional information from personal statements, interviews, prior study (BTEC, Access, or other qualifications), and other means to ensure we have a well-rounded understanding of the potential student.

## **Definitions of offer types:**

#### Unconditional offer

This is an offer made by a provider where they are satisfied that an individual has demonstrated sufficient attainment and potential to succeed on their chosen programme. Based on the offer status at the 30 June application deadline.

#### Conditional unconditional offer

An offer made by a provider which was originally conditional, but becomes unconditional if the applicant selects that offer as their firm (first) choice. By definition, conditional unconditional offers that are selected as a firm choice by the applicant become unconditional and are also included in the unconditional offers group (see above).

## Offer with an unconditional component

All offers showing as having an element of unconditional offer-making, that is, unconditional offers plus conditional unconditional offers that have not been selected as firm (and hence remain conditional unconditional).

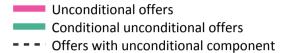
#### All offers

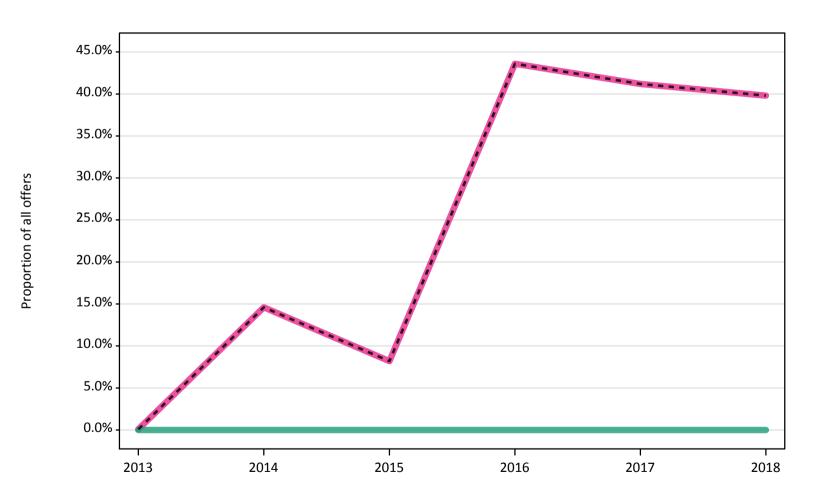
All offers made by the provider, subject to the coverage of this report. This includes conditional as well as unconditional offers to 18-year-old main scheme applicants domiciled in England, Northern Ireland, and Wales.

### **Technical note:**

The coverage of this report is limited to offers made by 30 June, to 18-year-old main scheme applicants domiciled in England, Northern Ireland, and Wales. This is because these applicants are least likely to apply already having achieved a full set of qualifications typically required for undergraduate higher education.

## A.1 Proportion of all offers that are unconditional, by cycle year





# A.2 Unconditional offers by cycle year

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Unconditional offers	5	780	410	2,535	2,090	1,620
Conditional unconditional offers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Offers with unconditional component	5	780	410	2,535	2,090	1,620
All offers (conditional and unconditional)	5,490	5,360	5,020	5,825	5,075	4,065

# A.3 Proportion of all offers that are unconditional, by cycle year

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Unconditional offers	0.1%	14.6%	8.2%	43.6%	41.2%	39.8%
Conditional unconditional offers	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Offers with unconditional component	0.1%	14.6%	8.2%	43.6%	41.2%	39.8%

Note: Percentage values are not printed in the above table if the total rounded number of offers for that year is below 100.